

**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ I - TIẾNG ANH 11
NĂM HỌC 2022 - 2023**

REVISION FOR THE FIRST TERM TEST – GRADE 11

A. Lý Thuyết

- Ngữ âm, từ vựng Unit 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- Các cấu trúc câu dùng trong giao tiếp. Phần speaking Unit 1, 2, 3, 4,5
- Cấu trúc ngữ pháp Unit 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

I. Phonology

1. - Phát âm ed
2. - Phát âm 1 trong các nguyên âm: / i / / i: /, / e /, / æ /, / ɔ /, / ɔ: /, / ʊ /, / u: /, / ʌ /, / a: /, / ə /, / ɜ: /

II. Grammar: Các chủ điểm ngữ pháp có trong học kỳ 1:

- Modals: should, ought to, must, have to
- Linking verbs: be, seem, verbs of perception
- Cleft sentences
- To – infinitives
- Verbs tenses: past simple & present perfect
- Gerunds

State verbs in continuous forms

III. Vocabulary: Từ vựng đã học

- generation gap and family rules
- compound nouns
- relationships
- Being independent
- People with disabilities and how to support them
- ASEAN, its aims, member states and activities

IV. Listening:

- Nghe một đoạn hội thoại/độc thoại khoảng 1 -1.5 phút thuộc các chủ đề liên quan và trả lời câu hỏi True/false
- Nghe một đoạn hội thoại / độc thoại khoảng 1.5 – 2 phút và trả lời các câu hỏi trắc nghiệm

V. Reading

- Generation gap
- Relationships
- Being independent
- Caring for those in Need
- Being part of ASEAN

VI. Writing:

- Error identification
- Sentence transformation
- Thematic writing

B. Practice:

I. Language

Part 1. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|
| 1. A. worked | B. stopped | C. forced | D. wanted |
| 2. A. kissed | B. helped | C. forced | D. raised |
| 3. A. confused | B. faced | C. cried | D. defined |
| 4. A. devoted | B. suggested | C. provided | D. wished |
| 5. A. caught | B. crashed | C. occupied | D. coughed |
| 6. A. agreed | B. missed | C. liked | D. watched |
| 7. A. measured | B. pleased | C. distinguished | D. managed |
| 8. A. wounded | B. routed | C. wasted | D. risked |
| 9. A. imprisoned | B. pointed | C. shouted | D. surrounded |
| 10. A. a.failed | B. reached | C. absorbed | D. solved |
| 11. A. lake | B. bay | C. cane | D. lack |

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 12. A. <u>pre</u> pared | B. <u>par</u> ticular | C. <u>pag</u> oda | D. <u>at</u> tract |
| 13. A. <u>fi</u> nal | B. <u>app</u> licant | C. <u>hi</u> gh | D. <u>de</u> cide |
| 14. A. <u>ave</u> rage | B. <u>indi</u> cate | C. <u>app</u> lication | D. <u>gr</u> ade |
| 15. A. <u>ri</u> ght | B. <u>pr</u> ivate | C. <u>commu</u> nist | D. <u>mi</u> nority |
| 16. A. <u>loc</u> ation | B. <u>atta</u> ck | C. <u>pl</u> aces | D. <u>civil</u> ization |
| 17. A. <u>any</u> e | B. <u>ma</u> ny | C. <u>par</u> rot | D. <u>sai</u> d |
| 18. A. <u>ra</u> nk | B. <u>ath</u> lete | C. <u>ab</u> road | D. <u>bad</u> minton |
| 19. A. <u>sp</u> irit | B. <u>adm</u> ire | C. <u>sil</u> ver | D. <u>In</u> clude |
| 20. A. <u>anc</u> ient | B. <u>app</u> licant | C. <u>ani</u> mal | D. <u>ann</u> ual |

Part 2. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- We all laughed _____ the cartoon.
A. for B. at C. on D. to
- Sally and Kevin had an argument and now they're not speaking _____ one another.
A. about B. to C. for D. at
- Police are searching _____ the man who escaped from prison.
A. at B. in C. for D. by
- Don't point that knife _____ me. It's dangerous.
A. at B. to C. into D. onto
- I heard a noise behind me and turned _____, but there was nothing.
A. away B. out C. on D. round
- They gave me a form and told me to fill _____ it.
A. in B. on C. at D. with
- Janet warned me _____ the water. She said it wasn't safe to drink.
A. about B. with C. on D. to
- Albert is 85 and lives alone. He needs somebody to look _____ him.
A. for B. on C. at D. after.
- I don't believe _____ ghosts. I think people only imagine that they see them.
A. to B. about C. in D. with
- Don't go too fast. I can't keep _____ you.
A. on to B. on with C. up to D. up with
- How many _____ took part in the 22nd SEA Games?
A. competitors B. competitive C. competes D. competitions
- Boys often enjoy doing things in a _____ way.
A. create B. creative C. creativity D. creatively
- The problem of _____ among young people is hard to solve.
A. employment B. employees C. employers D. unemployment
- Some people are concerned with physical _____ when choosing a wife or husband.
A. attractive B. attraction C. attractiveness D. attractively
- He can't hear because of his _____.
A. deaf B. deafness C. deafen D. deafened
- These countries are _____ in exporting shrimps.
A. prefer B. preference C. preferential D. preferentially
- The children _____ high grade at school.
A. achieve B. achievement C. achievable D. achieving
- His pronunciation causes me a lot of _____.
A. difficulties B. difficult C. difficulty D. difficultly
- She was the first in her family to enjoy the privilege of a university _____.
A. educated B. educational C. educating D. education
- Buckingham Palace is a major tourist _____ in London.
A. attract B. attraction C. attractive D. attractiveness
- I am looking forward to _____ you.
A. seeing B. see C. to see D. saw

22. I arranged _____ them here.
 A. to meet B. meeting C. met D. meet
23. He urged us _____ faster.
 A. working B. work C. to work D. worked
24. I wish _____ the manager.
 A. see B. seeing C. saw D. to see
25. It's no use _____
 A. wait B. waiting C. to wait D. waited
26. He warned her _____ the wire.
 A. not touching B. not touch C. not to touch D. to not touch
27. Don't forget _____ the door before _____ to bed.
 A. to lock/ going B. locking/ going C. to lock/ to go D. lock/ going
28. My mother told me _____ to anyone about it.
 A. not speaking B. not speak C. to not speak D. not to speak
29. He tried _____ but she refused _____
 A. to explain/ listen B. to explain/ to listen C. explain / listen D. explaining/ listening
30. Would you mind _____ me how _____ the lift?
 A. to show/ to work B. show/ work C. showing/ to work D. showing/ working
31. He _____ his job last month and then he _____ out of work
 A. lost- was B. was lost- had been C. has lost- was D. lost- has been
32. In the last hundred years, travelling.....much easier and more comfortable
 A. become B. has become C. became D. will became
33. In the 19th century, it.....two or three months to across North America by covered wagon
 A. took B. had taken C. had been taken D. was taking
34. In the past, the trip _____ very rough and often dangerous, but things _____ a great deal in the last hundred and fifty years
 A. was- have changed B. is- change C. had been- will change D. has been- changed
35. She _____ Hanoi last year
 A. went B. go C. goes D. is going
36. The team _____ a single match so far this season
 A. doesn't win B. didn't win C. hasn't won D. hadn't won
37. Up to now, the manager _____ a lot of information about his secretary.
 A. learned B. has learned C. had learned D. learns
38. Children with cognitive impairments may have _____ in learning basic skills like reading, writing, or problem solving.
 A. ability B. determination C. difficulty D. refusal
39. After the visit to that special school, we _____ friends with some students with reading disabilities.
 A. acquainted B. had C. made D. realised
40. The Convention for the Rights of Persons with Disabilities came into _____ 3rd May 2008.
 A. action B. force C. truth D. reality
41. Elderly housebound patients are often those most in _____ of pharmacy services.
 A. case B. need C. time D. trouble
42. They give care and comfort to the disadvantaged and handicapped children and help them to _____ difficulties.
 A. accept B. face C. overcome D. take
43. If we _____ a suggestion, it means that we mention a possible course of action to someone.
 A. do B. make C. take D. have
44. You should now _____ preparations for your trip.
 A. run B. make C. give D. take
45. They wouldn't honour their contract, so we _____ them to court.
 A. have B. took C. keep D. run
46. I'm _____ English lessons to help me prepare for the IELTS.
 A. taking B. needing C. making D. spending

47. Students, please _____ attention to what the lecturer's saying.
 A. pay B. do C. take D. make
48. ASEAN _____ of ten Southeast Asian countries, namely: Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Viet Nam.
 A. consists B. contains C. includes D. involves
49. The _____ is a legal agreement among the ten ASEAN member states.
 A. charter B. motto C. policy D. principle
50. The _____ of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations was designed basing on rice - the most important crop for the Southeast Asian people.
 A. banner B. logo C. motto D. slogan

III. Reading

Part 1. Read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C, or D best fits each space. (1.0P)

Dutch children enjoy their freedom

A new report from the Pew Research Center says most Americans think online dating is a good way (1) _____ people. Almost 60 per cent of Internet users say there is nothing wrong with trying to find a partner on the Internet. Around one in ten Americans has used online dating services. About 11 per cent of people who started a long-term (2) _____ in the past decade met their partner online. However, 32 percent of the interviewees think the Internet does not help with marriage.

Sociologist Dr Kevin Lewis of the University of California told the USA Today newspaper that women must remain (3) _____ about online dates. He said: "There are lots of guys who build (4) _____ profiles but they are not honest." He said men can have problems finding a date, too. "They can't get a woman to respond because women receive so many messages." The Pew Report also warned people to be careful about those who tell lies about themselves online. Online daters are suggested to spend time understanding their dates before they decide to meet face to face.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1. A. to meet | B. meet | C. meeting | D. met |
| 2. A. relate | B. relative | C. Relationship | D. relating |
| 3. A. easy | B. cool | C. elegant | D. cautious |
| 4. A. fashionable | B. fast | C. flashy | D. flying |

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations or ASEAN was (1) _____ on August 8 1967 in Bangkok by the five original member countries, namely, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. Brunei Darussalam (2) _____ on January 8, 1984, Vietnam on July 28, 1995, Lao PDR and Myanmar on July 23, 1997, and Cambodia on April 30, 1999.

As of 2006, the ASEAN region has a population of about 560 million, a total area of 4.5 million square kilometers, a combined gross (3) _____ product of almost US\$ 1,100 billion, and a total trade of about US\$ 1,400 billion.

The ASEAN Declaration states that the aims and purposes of the Association are to (4) _____ economic growth, social progress and cultural development in the region and to promote regional peace.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. established | B. constructed | C. rebuilt | D. decorated |
| 2. A. took up | B. joined | C. represented | D. involved |
| 3. A. home | B. exotic | C. domestic | D. household |
| 4. A. fetch | B. endeavor | C. poach | D. accelerate |

Part 2: Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question. (1.0P)

All over the country, young people are entering a world of homelessness and poverty, according to a recent report by the housing group, Shelter. Nearly 150,000 young people aged between sixteen and twenty-five will become homeless this year. Some of the young homeless may sleep out in the open in such places as the "cardboard city" in London, where people of all ages sleep in the open air in their only homes - cardboard boxes. **Others** may find accommodation in shelters run by voluntary organizations or get a place in a hostel, which gives them board up to ten weeks.

But who are these people? Those who are seeking a roof over their heads are mostly not runaways but "throwaways" - people who have been thrown out of their homes or forced to leave because of parental divorce, an unsympathetic step-parent or one of many other reasons.

Shelter says that the government's laws do nothing to help these youngsters. Rising rents, the shortage of cheap housing and the cut in benefits for young people under the age of twenty-five are causing a national problem. The recent changes in the benefit laws mean that someone aged between sixteen and twenty-five gets less than older people and they can only claim state help if they prove that they left home for a good reason.

Shelter believes that because of the major cuts in benefits to young people, more and more are being forced to sleep on the streets. Shelter also points out that if you are homeless, you can't get a job because employers will not hire someone without a permanent address; and if you can't get a job, you are homeless because you don't have any money to pay for accommodation. It's an impossible situation.

1. According to a recent report by Shelter, it appears that _____.
 - A. hostels are too full to offer accommodation to homeless young people
 - B. more and more young people all over the world are finding themselves homeless
 - C. nearly 150,000 young people live out in the open
 - D. young homeless people live in places like "cardboard city"
2. The word "**Others**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
 - A. people of all ages
 - B. young people
 - C. the young homeless
 - D. voluntary organizations
3. Most young people become homeless because _____.
 - A. circumstances make it impossible for them to live at home
 - B. they do not want to live with a divorced parent
 - C. they have run away from home
 - D. they have thrown away any chances of living at home by behaving badly
4. The changes in the system of benefits mean that _____.
 - A. anyone under twenty-five and not living at home will receive help with food and accommodation
 - B. the under twenty-fives can claim money only if they have left home
 - C. young people do not receive as much money as those over twenty-five
 - D. young people cannot claim money unless they are under sixteen or over twenty-five

Part 2. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions .

The year 2015 is a major year for Singapore sports! December 2015 will see Singapore hosting the 8th ASEAN Para Games. It is the first time in the history Singapore hosts the ASEAN Para Games for the persons with disabilities of this scale. Let's see how we are going to *Celebrate the Extraordinary!*

The ASEAN Para Games - an every-two-year multi-sport event organised by the ASEAN Para Sports Federation (APSF) for athletes with a disability - will be hosted here in conjunction with our 50th anniversary of independence. The eighth Games, expected to host 3,000 athletes and officials, will wrap up Singapore's 50th birthday celebrations. The seven-day multi-sport event will have its competition venues mainly at the Singapore Sports Hub and Kallang areas. There will be 15 sports in the 8th ASEAN Para Games. Beyond physical fitness, we believe in the power of sports to strengthen the character, uplift the spirits, and bond the community.

Adopting the theme of *Celebrate the Extraordinary*, the Games aims to stimulate friendship and solidarity amongst persons with disabilities in the ASEAN region, to encourage sport for the differently abled, and to integrate persons with disabilities into the society through sport. **It** will serve as a platform for promoting the bloc's motto "One Vision, One Identity, One Community".

1. What is the best title for the passage?
 - A. Singapore sports events.
 - B. Celebrate the Extraordinary!
 - C. Who come to the Games?
 - D. The seventh ASEAN Para Games
2. The word "**It**" in the last paragraph refers to _____.
 - A. the ASEAN region
 - B. the ASEAN motto
 - C. Singapore
 - D. the Games
3. If the Games is held every two year, the 9th ASEAN Para Games will be organised in _____.
 - A. 2016
 - B. 2017
 - C. 2018
 - D. 2019
4. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as the power of sports?
 - A. Improve physical health.
 - B. Inspire people's spirits.

C. Connect the society.

D. Recognise individual character.

IV. Writing:

Part 1. Error identification

- The chef always is tasting every dish before he serves it to make sure that it tastes delicious.
A B C D
- We intend to have a picnic this weekend, but it is depending on what the weather's like at the weekend.
A B C D
- Why don't you braid your hair? You are looking better if you do so.
A B C D
- Can we go somewhere else? I am hating this place. It's so boring.
A B C D
- I see my teacher this Friday, so I can't go out with you that day.
A B C D
- My little sister suggested to go to the beach for a change.
A B C D
- I spent most of my time in the train read my favorite book.
A B C D
- Please wait a minute. My boss is busy to write something.
A B C D
- There's no use to asking me about it because I don't know anything.
A B C D
- She is looking forward to see her grandparents again soon.
A B C D

Part 2: Sentence transformation

- This is the first time she has worked with foreigners.
→ She hasn't _____
- It is a long time since we last saw her.
→ We haven't _____
- We started to chat on the phone when it began to rain.
→ We have _____
- We knew each other when we were at university.
→ We have _____
- The last time she phoned her parents was 3 weeks ago.
→ She hasn't _____
- What shall we do? We could go to the cinema.
→ Linda suggested _____
- Do you want to play tennis? No, not really.
→ Tony didn't fancy _____
- You were driving too fast. Yes, it's true. Sorry.
→ She admitted _____
- Could you turn the radio down, please?
→ Would you mind _____ ?
- You broke into the shop. No, I didn't.
→ The boy denied _____

Part 3. Thematic writing

Topic 1: Write a paragraph about what can you do to develop time-management skill, using the cues given below (in 120 words).

- Make plans for the things you need to do
- Prioritise your activities
- Develop routines

Topic 2: Write a paragraph about what can you do to help disabled students in your school, using the cues given below (in 120 words).

- Become part of study group

- Create atmosphere of friendliness
- Respect and acceptance during all activities

Topic 3: (Đề minh họa)

Write a paragraph about one ASEAN country, using the cues given below (in 120 words).

- + Area and population
- + Culture
- + Economy
- + Sports
- + Tourist attractions

**PREPARATION FOR FINAL 1ST SEMESTER SPEAKING TEST (2022-2023)
TOPICS AND SUGGESTING QUESTIONS (Class 11)**

Unit 1: The generation gap

Discussing the advantages and disadvantages of living of different kinds of family

Suggesting questions:

- What kind of family do you live in?
- What do you think the advantages and disadvantages of living in an extended or nuclear families are?

Unit 2: Relationships

Talking about a problem that you have had at school or at home

Suggesting questions:

- What was the problem?
- How did you feel?
- Who did you ask for help?
- What advice did he/she/they give you?

Unit 3: Becoming independent

Talking about the most important skills young people need to become independent

Suggesting questions:

- Do you know any life skills?
- Which of the life skills do you think are the most important?
- Why do you think so?

Unit 4: Caring for those in need

Discussing about activities you can do to help those in need

Suggesting questions:

- Do you know who needs our help?
- Have you ever done something to help those in need?
- What activities can you do to help them?

Unit 5: Being part of ASEAN

Talking about one ASEAN country

- What's the name of the country?
- Its area and population?
- Its culture?
- Its sports?
- Its tourist attractions?